# State of Oklahoma **OKLAHOMA CAPITAL GAIN DEDUCTION** FOR TRUSTS AND ESTATES FILING FORM 513

(Qualifying Assets Held for the Applicable Holding Period)

Name as	Shown	on	Return	

Federal Employer Identification Number

PURN

1. List qualifying Oklahoma capital gains and losses, not included on lines 2 through 5 below.							
A2.	Description of Property:	B. Date Acquired (mm/dd/yy) (See instructions)	C. Date Sold or Disposed (mm/dd/yy)	D. Proceeds (Sales Price)	E. Cost or Other Basis minus Adjustments to Gain or Loss	F. Gain or (Loss) Combine Columns (D) and (E)	
A3.	Federal ID Number: Type of property sold:						
(se							
A1. Description of Property: A2. Oklahoma Location/Address or Federal ID Number:		B. Date Acquired (mm/dd/yy) (See instructions)	C. Date Sold or Disposed (mm/dd/yy)	D. Proceeds (Sales Price)	E. Cost or Other Basis minus Adjustments to Gain or Loss	F. Gain or (Loss) Combine Columns (D) and (E)	
	Type of property sold: e instructions)						
	Description of Property:	B. Date Acquired (mm/dd/yy)	C. Date Sold or Disposed (mm/dd/yy)	D. Proceeds (Sales Price)	E. Cost or Other Basis minus Adjustments to	F. Gain or (Loss) Combine Columns (D) and (E)	
	Oklahoma Location/Address Federal ID Number:	(See instructions)			Gain or Loss		
	Type of property sold: e instructions)						
2. Qualifying Oklahoma capital gain from installment sales reported on Federal Schedule D, line 11. (Provide a copy of Federal Form 6252)							
	Type of property sold (See instructions)     2						
3.	Other qualifying Oklahoma net cap				e 11,		
not included on line 2 above. (Provide a copy of the applicable Federal form[s]) Type of property sold (See instructions)					3		
4.							
	estates or trusts reported on Feder page 2 and provide a copy of the			the worksheet on	'		
	p.5 p			instructions)		4	
5.	line 14. (Provide a copy of Federal Form 4797) (If gain/loss is from a Federal K-1, complete the						
	worksheet on page 2 and provid			instructions)		5	
6.	Add amounts in Column F on line		3				
7.	Qualifying Oklahoma capital loss c	F	7				
8. Qualifying Oklahoma net capital gain. Subtract line 7 from line 6.						3	
<ol> <li>Net capital gain included in Oklahoma income (If zero or less, enter "0")</li> </ol>						9	
10.	Oklahoma Capital Gain Deductio Column B, line 17. (Do not enter le					0	

Provide Federal Form 1041, Schedule D and Form(s) 8949



## OKLAHOMA CAPITAL GAIN DEDUCTION FOR TRUSTS AND ESTATES FILING FORM 513



68 Oklahoma Statutes (OS) Sec. 2358 and Rule 710:50-15-48

#### Worksheet - (Provide with Form 561F)

Name as Shown on Return	Federal Employer Identification Number				
Form 561F Worksheet for (check one): Line 4	OR LINE 5				
Complete a separate worksheet for each piece of property sold. Provide a copy of the Federal Schedule K-1.					
Name of pass-through entity:	FEIN:				
Description of property sold:					
Location of property:					
Date acquired:	Date sold:				
Date(s) you acquired ownership in the pass-through entity:					

## **General Information**

Taxpayers can deduct qualifying gains receiving capital gain treatment which are included in Federal taxable income. "Qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means the amount of net capital gains, as defined under Internal Revenue Code Section 1222(11). The qualifying gain must result from:

- 1. the sale of real or tangible personal property located within Oklahoma that has been owned for at least five uninterrupted years prior to the date of the transaction that gave rise to the capital gain;
- 2. the sale of stock or an ownership interest in an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or partnership where such stock or ownership interest has been owned for at least three uninterrupted years (two for individuals) prior to the date of the transaction that gave rise to the capital gain; or
- 3. the sale of real property, tangible personal property or intangible personal property located within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or partnership where such property has been directly or indirectly owned by such entity or owned by the owners of such entity, and used in or derived from such entity for a period or at least three uninterrupted years (two for individuals) prior to the date of the transaction that gave rise to the capital gain.

An Oklahoma company, limited liability company or partnership is an entity whose primary headquarters has been located in Oklahoma for at least three uninterrupted years prior to the date of sale.

A capital loss carryover from qualified property reduces the current year gains from eligible property.

#### Pass-through entities...

Capital gain from qualifying property, as described above, held by a pass-through entity is eligible for the Oklahoma capital gain deduction, provided the person has been a member of the pass-through entity for an uninterrupted period of the applicable three (two for individuals) or five years and the pass-through entity has held the asset for not less than the applicable three (two for individuals) or five uninterrupted years prior to the date of the transaction that created the capital gain. The type of asset sold, as shown in 1-3 above, determines whether the applicable number of uninterrupted years is three (two for individuals) or five. The pass-through entity must provide supplemental information to the person identifying the pass-through of qualifying capital gains.

#### Installment sales...

Qualifying gains included in Federal taxable income for the current year which are derived from installment sales are eligible for exclusion provided the appropriate holding periods are met.

## OKLAHOMA CAPITAL GAIN DEDUCTION FOR TRUSTS AND ESTATES FILING FORM 513 68 OS Sec 2358 and Rule 710:50-15-48

### Specific Instructions

Complete this form using the Capital Gains and Losses included on Form 513, Column B "Total applicable to Oklahoma" that <u>have not been</u> distributed to the beneficiary(ies). Do not include any portion of the capital gain or loss included in the income distribution deduction on Form 513. The beneficiary will compute the capital gain deduction on their own income tax return.

#### Lines 1-5: Type of Property Sold

Enter the number in the box which corresponds to the type of property sold:

- 1. The sale of stock in a qualified Oklahoma corporation.
- 2. The sale of an ownership interest in a qualified Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or partnership.
- 3. The sale of qualified real property located within Oklahoma.
- 4. The sale of qualified tangible personal property located within Oklahoma.
- 5. The sale of qualified intangible personal property located within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited liability company or partnership.
- 99. For lines 2-5, enter a 99 if the net gain/loss is from the sale of more than one type of property.

**Line 1:** List qualifying Oklahoma capital gains and losses from the Federal Form(s) 8949, Part II or from Federal Schedule D, line 8a. Provide a copy of Form(s) 1099-B if the qualifying Oklahoma capital gain or loss is reported on Federal Schedule D, line 8a. In <u>Column A</u>, line A1, enter the description of the property as shown on Federal Form 8949, Column a or on Form 1099-B. On line A2 enter either the Oklahoma location/address of the real or tangible personal property sold or the Federal Identification Number of the company, limited liability company or partnership whose stock or ownership interest was sold. Complete <u>Columns B through E</u> using the information from Federal Form 8949, Columns b through g or from Form 1099-B. In <u>Column B</u>, enter the date the property was acquired. If you entered "VARIOUS" or "INHERITED" on your federal form, enter the date you actually acquired the property. In <u>Column E</u> enter the portion of the capital gain or loss included on Form 513, Column B, line 6 but not included in the income distribution deduction on line 19. Do not include gains and losses reported on Form 561F lines 2 through 5.

**Line 2:** If Federal Form 6252 was used to report the installment method for gain on the sale of eligible property on the Federal return, compute the capital gain deduction using the current year's taxable portion of the installment payment included on Form 513, Column B, line 6 but not included in the income distribution deduction on line 19. Provide Federal Form 6252. Capital gain from an installment sale is eligible for the Oklahoma capital gain deduction provided the property was held for the appropriate holding period as of the date sold.

**Line 3:** Enter other qualifying Oklahoma capital gains and losses reported on Federal Schedule D, line 11 included on Form 513, Column B, line 6 but not included in the income distribution deduction on line 19. Provide the applicable Federal form(s). If not shown on the Federal form, provide a schedule identifying the type and location of the property sold, the date of the sale, and the date the property was acquired.

**Line 4:** Enter qualifying Oklahoma net capital gain or loss from partnerships, S corporations, and other trusts or estates included on Form 513, Column B, line 6 but not included in the income distribution deduction on line 19. Complete the worksheet on page 2 and provide a copy of the Federal Schedule K-1.

**Line 5:** Enter the qualifying Oklahoma net capital gain from the Federal Form 4797, reported on Federal Schedule D included on Form 513, Column B, line 6 but not included in the income distribution deduction on line 19. Provide a copy of the Federal Form 4797. If reporting a gain/loss from a Federal Schedule K-1, complete the worksheet on page 2 and provide a copy of the Federal Schedule K-1.

**Line 7:** Enter the total qualifying Oklahoma capital loss carryover from the prior year's return included on Form 513, Column B, line 6 but not included in the income distribution deduction on line 19.

**Line 9:** The Oklahoma capital gain deduction may not exceed the portion of the net capital gain included on Form 513, Column B, line 6 but not included in the income distribution deduction on line 19. The term "net capital gain" means the excess of the net long-term capital gain for the taxable year over the net short-term capital loss for such year. If there is a net capital loss, enter zero.

**Note:** Do not enter any portion of the Oklahoma Capital Gain Deduction on Part 2 "Beneficiaries' Share of Income and Deductions".