

Salad in a Jar Handout Recommended Vegetable Intakes

Choose Darker Leaves.

These leaves provide more nutrients like vitamin C, iron, fiber, calcium, & betacarotene.



Della December dell'en	
Daily Recommendations	
2-3 year olds	1 cup
4-8 year olds	1½ cups
9-13 year olds	2 cups
14-18 year olds	2 ½ cups
9-13 year olds	2 ½ cups
14-18 year olds	3 cups
19-50 year olds	2½ cups
51+ year olds	2 cups
19-50 year olds	3 cups
50+ year olds	2 ½ cups
	4-8 year olds 9-13 year olds 14-18 year olds 9-13 year olds 14-18 year olds 19-50 year olds 19-50 year olds

https://www.choosemyplate.gov/eathealthy/vegetables

Types of Salds

Vegetables: Salad greens, raw vegetables, or cold cooked veggies.

Fruits: Fresh, frozen, or canned fruits.

Grain Products: Whole grains like pasta, brown rice, quinoa, bulgur...

Protein Foods: Cheese, eggs, cooked or canned meats, poultry, fish, or shellfish.

Gelatin: Combining fruit, vegetables, or protein foods in gelatin. Most commonly

makes sweet salads.

Combination: Combinations of any of the above ingredients.

Ways to prepare salads

Tossed: Typically a mixture of greens, vegetables, or fruits tossed with dressing.

Mixed: Greens not included, but has all ingredients mixed together. Ex. potato salad.

Arranged: Ingredients separated for attractive pattern.

Layered: Arranged in layers, like that of salad in a jar.

Molded: Shaped in a decorative mold.

Cooked: Heated and served hot, Ex. German potato salad.

Frozen: Usually combines fruit and whipped cream, cream cheese, or mayonnaise.

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OKLAHOMA COUNTY Salar Was a Coun Handout

Preparation Guidelines

- ·Select fresh, crisp, colorful foods
- ·Wash and blot dry
- ·Tear, don't cut leafy greens
- ·Use antioxidants (acid like ascorbic acid) to prevent browning
- ·Ensure ingredients are uniform in size
- Cut or shred firm vegetables
- Add dressing just before serving











Food safety tips for fresh produce

- Clean Hands
- Cut damanged or bruised areas
- Wash throughly, unless stated that it's prewashed
- Use water and a produce brush to clean
- Make sure produce is as dry as possible to slow deteriotation.

Salad Basics

Base: The foundation.

Body: The main part--vegetables, fruit,

protein, grains...

Dressing: The topping.



OKLAHOMA COUNTY Salad in a lar Hava Sut

Making a Salad in a Jar

Step 1

 Clean, wide mouthed jar. For a main dish salad = Quart Jar For a side salad = Pint Jar



 Spoon 1-3 tablespoons of dressing into bottom of jar.

Step 2



Step 3

 Add in hard, chopped vegetables.

**If adding in produce that browns (sliced apples, avocados) add to bottom of jar with acidic dressings.



Step 4

 Add softer, more absorbable vegetables & fruit.

**Add salty items here too --pickled vegetables, olives...



 Add high fiber, unprocessed carbs.



Step 6

 Add in seeds & nuts here.



• Add in greens.

**Tightly pack greens in to maximize freshness.



Step 8

Add in proteins.

**Add these only a day or two in advance.



Enjoy!

**Additional Tip: If not using sturdy vegetables or fruits, pack dressing in a separate container.